Date: November 23, 2025

## Introduction — "Is this allowed?"

- Scripture clearly prohibits certain actions, but many areas in Christian life appear "gray."
- The Corinthian church struggled with the same question:
  - "Is it acceptable to eat food sacrificed to idols?"
- Paul does not simply give a rule he teaches how believers should use the freedom given in Christ.

# 1) First Principle: We Are People of Fellowship (10:16-22)

# A. Fellowship with Christ through the Lord's Supper

- The cup and the bread represent participation ("koinonia") in Christ's body and blood.
- The Lord's Supper unites believers with Christ and with one another.
- In the Old Testament, those who ate offerings shared fellowship with the God to whom they were offered.

## B. The Danger of Fellowship with Demons

- Idols are nothing in themselves, but idol worship has spiritual powers behind it.
- One cannot drink the cup of the Lord and the cup of demons.
- There is no spiritual neutral ground.
- Modern examples: spiritualized yoga/meditation, horoscopes, occult practices, religious pluralism.

## ► Freedom Principle #1:

"With whom-or what-does this action join me?

Fellowship with Christ cannot coexist with fellowship with darkness."

# 2) Second Principle: Freedom Has a Purpose (10:23-30)

### A. Three Questions to Guide Christian Freedom

- 1. Is it beneficial?
- 2. Does it build others up?
- 3. Does it serve someone else's good rather than my own?
- → Christian freedom is not aimless license it has direction and purpose.

#### B. Two Practical Guidelines

#### 1. Generally, we are free (10:25-27)

- Do not anxiously investigate the origin of food.
- All creation belongs to the Lord and can be received with gratitude.

#### 2. But freedom yields to love (10:28-30)

- If someone points out that the food was offered to idols  $\rightarrow$  refrain.
- The reason: to protect that person's conscience, not because food changed.
- Freedom that harms others is not Christian freedom.

#### ► Freedom Principle #2:

"Christian freedom is used not for self-expression, but to build up others in love."

# 3) Third Principle: Everything for the Glory of God (10:31-11:1)

# A. The Highest Aim

Whether you eat or drink, or whatever you do, do all to the glory of God.

Every part of life is worship — not just church activities.

## B. Live to Bless and Not Cause Stumbling

- Do not give offense to Jews, Greeks, or the church.
- Seek the good of many so that they may be saved.

### C. The Model — Christ Himself

- Jesus surrendered His divine rights for our salvation.
- True freedom imitates Christ's humility and sacrificial love.

### ► Freedom Principle #3:

"Use your freedom as Christ did for God's glory and the salvation of others."

## Conclusion — Three Questions for This Week

When you face a decision and ask, "Is this okay?", remember:

- 1. Does this deepen fellowship with Christ?
- 2. Does this build others up?
- 3. Does this glorify God?